FRIDAY JUNE 3 1910 SALT LAKE CITY UTAH

JOHN HAFEN DIES

Painter Called Home Suddenly This Morning.

forn in Switzerland 53 Years Ago He Lived Nearly Half a Century In Utab.

John Hafen, the well known Utah artist, who has been following his orgassion in Indianapolis for several years past, with his son Virgil, died this morning. The telegram gave no particulars, but it is presumed his death was due to bronchial troubles. with which he had been afflicted for

His wife and younger children had just gone from Utah to spend the summer with him, as had been their oustom. Besides these, he has three grown children living in Provo: Mrs. J. David Larson, Leo, and Parley Hafen. There are nine children altogether, and his wife to mourn his loss, besides numerous relatives, and a more than statewide circle of friends.

FIFTY-THREE YEARS OF AGE. John Hafen was born 53 years ago in

Scherzingen, Switzerland, and came to Utah with his parents when 5 years Aside from his years of study in the east and in Europe, he has spent his life in Utah, mostly in Utah county, there he made his home. His studies abroad include a prolonged term in the Julian acedemy. Paris, under Julian acedemy. Paris, under Julian Lifebvre and Ben. Constant. In 1900 he won the state prize of \$500 for the best painting, and in 1902 the medal of honor from the Utah Art Institute, the same year receiving first prizes for the best work of art and the best landscape by the state fair. He was decorator of the interior of the Sait Lake Temple and his artistic attainments are much in evidence throughout the state. Among his latest local work was the illustration of the lofty Mormon ode "O My Father." sbroad include a prolonged term in th.

ARTISTS' APPRECIATION.

ARTISTS' APPRECIATION.

The local artists received their first news of John Hafen's death from The News, and to all of them it came as a great shock, 'John Hafen dead!' exclaimed J. T. Harwood, and then followed a silence which told more plainth than words the effect of the sadnews. The deceased artist was in Paris with Mr. Harwood and the two were closely associated both then and later, and Mr. Harwood's opinion of Mr. Hafen's work is of the highest. "He was capable of great things," said Mr. Harwood," and has done some of the best work in Utah art."

Mr. Lee Greene Richards expressed substantially the same, considering Mr. Hafen to have done the best landscape work accomplished by any Utah artist. Alfred Lambourne, too, was greatly shocked at the news of John Hafen's demise and regretted that the state had been called upon to part with one of its leading painters. "This is so sudden, I cannot collect my thoughts," his voice came with a sob in it over the telephone wires, "When I can collect by thoughts I would like to give you a calm, dispassionate appreciation of John Hafen and his work, but I cannot at his moment."

"OUR FOREMOST PAINTER."

Mahonri M. Young, the young artist sculptor, said to The News;
"It is 15 years that I have known John Hafen and during all that time I have loved him as a friend and sincrely respected him as an artist. He was, to my mind, our foremost land-reape painter. His art, gentle and mild and sweet, taking delight in simple subjects, but confident and strong in its rentleness, seema to me to almost perfectly mirror the man himself. We who knew him will never forget John Hafen. His was a spirit, the like of which one rarely meets in this commercial age. His devotion to his art, and the highest in his art, as he saw it, was absolute. His desire was continually to progress. His was the spirit of youth. Though his hair and beard were grey, the last time I saw him, he was as interested in his work, as full of hope and as confident of ultimate success as any student of 20; though he felt he had done much, he felt that much more remained for him to do. His life reminds one of Millet's. It was a sunny, optimistic spirit. Among the limit of the surfers of Utah. John Hafen was the list feren was a sunny, optimistic spirit. Among the list feren was the li bough unlike Millet, John Hafen was a sunny, optimistic spirit. Among the salinters of Utah. John Hafen was the most generally loved as a friend and repeted as an artist. Many will miss him in this broad land of ours, from Doston to San Francisco, for though quiet and unassuming. John Hafen was very well known indeed. Once you had met him you never forget him. But most of all, we will miss him here at home where his friends are legion and where we need his example.

We shall not soon see his like shall not soon see his like

ON THRESHOLD OF SUCCESS. ON THRESHOLD OF SUCCESS.

H. L. A. Culmer, the well known artist, said this noon: "I consider his death as a marked loss, not only to our community but to the artistic world at large. Mr. Hafen was specially distinguished for his excellent landscape work, in which his sunshine effects were noticeably fine. He painted with most artistic results scenes in and around this city, and his painting of scenes at Brighton's was of the highest order. Mr. Hafen lately received well earned recognition in Indiana, and his genius was being recognized elsewhere in the country; but it seems he has died on the threshold of success just after having experienced years of struggle and hardship in reaching the upper levels of his profession."

CHIEF JUSTICE FULLER'S ELESIGHT UNIMPAIRED

Washington, June 3.—Although more an 77 years old, Chief Justice Fuller as just demonstrated that he has resided good eyesight. One day this teek he was called upon to say a few ords about the life of the late Justice order in response to the presentation in memorial resolutions from the bar. The chief justice began to recall the ames of the illustrious men who exact the first provided by the control of the control of the control of the linest provided in the latest provided in the latest provided in the length of the length of



THE LATE JOHN HAFEN.

NEW YORK MAY HAVE

TO TAKE CARNEGIE LIBRARIES

New York, June 3.-The possibility

that Father Knickerbocker may have

that Father Knickerbocker may have Carnegie libraries thrust upon him is facing the city authorities following the recent refusal of the board of estimates to appropriate \$500,000 for acquisition of sites for libraries. The presentatives of Mr. Carnegie have filed formal protest against the board's action, which they declare is a breach of contract. Their protest says:

"The trustees reserve to themselves the right to take such steps as may appear necessary to force the city to live up to its obligations under the contract made with representatives of Mr.

tract made with representatives of Mr.

tract made with representatives of Mr. Carnegie.

"A valid contract was made between Mr. Carnegie and the city in 1901, providing for the selection of sites for libraries, and it is the duty of the city to acquire the sites. It does not seem necessary to remind the city of its obligations when Mr. Carnegie has made such a tremendous gift as \$5,000,000."

The city financiers declare that the treasury is too impoverished for the appropriation at the present time.

NOT AUTOMOBILE BLAMED

TRACTION COMPANY AND

ROSE DROP WINS OAKS.

Epson Downs, England, June 3.—The Oaks stakes of 5,000 sovereigns, for three-year-old fillies, distance about one mile and a half, was run here today and won by Rose Drop. Evolution was second and Pernelle third. Eleven horses started.

Waldorf Asiar's Windland

Waldorf Astor's Winkipop was the avorite but did not secure a place.

San Luis Obispo, Cal., June 3.—Cutting through several iron bars with a pocket knife, John Harrison and John Hodnett, charged with shooting Police

Hodnett, charged with shooting Police Officer John Rude of Paso Robles, es-caped from the jail here last night and are now being trailed by a posse guided by bloodhounds. The men are self-confessed ex-convicts and are consid-

red desporate characters by the of-

ESCAPE FROM JAIL

DESPERATE CHARACTERS

CANAL STATE OF THE STATE OF THE

PERU AND ECUADOR MAY YET GO TO WAR

If They Do, the Responsibility, Will be Upon the Latter, Say Officials In Washington.

Washington, June 3 .- The government of Peru has indicated its purpose to withdraw its amy from the Ecuadorean frontier on June 4.

The government of Peru has notified the ministers of the United States, Brazil and Argentine at Lima that she will

withdraw her forces from the Ecuadorean frontier on June 4 as suggested by the mediating powers.

Up to this time Ecuador has failed to indicate what her purpose is with respect to the withdrawal of her army nor has any intimation been given as to when a response may be expected from her. In commenting on the situation the officials here declare that if mediation fails and war between Peru nation the officials here declare that if mediation fails and war between Peru and Ecuador results the entire responsibility will rest with Ecuador and while not abandoning hope that a conflict may yet be averted the government officials are at a loss to understand Ecuador's attitude of silence.

ORDERS TO ECUADOR TROOPS. Quito, Ecuador, June 3.—The govern-nent has ordered the departure of

troops for the frontier suspended and the retirement of the forces now in the field in accordance with the first article of mediation between Ecuador

WORKED 33 DAYS SAWING UP ONE LOG

(Special to The News.) (Special to The News.)

Portland, Or., June 3.—Although it sounds like the purest fiction, an Oregon shingle mill has just finished a run of 33 days working on one giant cedar log. The big stick was 11 feet, 10 inches in diameter at the base, and 60 feet long. As the saws used by the loggers in cutting the logs into "bolts" for the shingle saws are only 8 feet long, dynamite was used in splitting the log so it could be sawed into pieces of the necessary size to go to the checular saws. Not over half a cord of timber was wasted in the work an when it was finished, 141.000 shingle had been made from the single stick.
The tree grew in the forests of Tillamook county, where there is probably
the finest standing timber to be found
on the continent. So dense are these on the continent. So dense are these forests of fir, spruce and cedar and so luxuriant their growth that in many places it is almost impossible for a man to force his way through the underbrush that fills the narrow spaces

A DEAD MAN'S FACE.

John Avery, Haunted by It, Confesses To Murdering an Unknown Man.

San Quentin, Cal., June 3.—Haunted by the memory of a dead man's face, John Avery, who was sent to the prisch here on Jan. 24, of this year to serve a five-year sentence for a burglary committed in Santa Rosa, confessed to one of his guards that he had shot and killed an unknown man in a box car in the Great Northern freight yards at Spokane. at Spokane

at Spokane.

Avery had caused some trouble in the jute mill and when he told the story the guard, believing that he was telling it merely to escape solitary confinement refused to credit the tale. However, Avery repeated the story and the guard finally informed Warden

the guard finally John Hoyt. Summoned to the warden's office the convict wrote out a confession, the facts of which have been verified by

PRIZE FIGHTER KING **GETS TWO YEARS IN PRISON**

Fresno, Cal., June 3.—William V. King, a prize fighter, who during a quarrel at Coalinga on last Christmas day struck and knocked down A. B. Rossell as a result of which the latter died some time later, was today sentenced to two years in the state prison.

MURDERER ELECTROCUTED. Richmond, Va.,June 3.—Henry Smith, alias Henry Batting, was put to death in the penitentiary early this morning for the murder at Alexandria, March 6, 1999, of Walter F. Schultz, of Chicago, an artist. The negro confessed, naming Eugene Dorsey, Richard Pines and Calvin Johnson, all colored, as his accomplices. The three men will be electrocuted next Friday.

The Roosevelts | PREST. TAFT ON

in London

is the topic of an interesting article which will be printed exclusively in

-THE-

Saturday News

TOMORROW

Philip Schuyler, a Patriot Who Was Robbed of Fame, by Richard Spillane, illustrated. Strict English Bribery Laws Responsible for the Unseating of an Innocent Member of Parliament,

ilustrated. King Edward's Death Rings Down the Curtain on the London 1910 Season.

Calcutta the Gateway of India, illustrated, by Frank G. Carpenter. English Authors and Self-Adver-

Lady Mary's Society Gossip, Etc.

AVIATOR PLAYED IN AIR LIKE A BIRD

Hamilton Swooped Down From Height Of Thousand Feet, Almost Striking Earth Then Arose Again.

Mineola, L. I., June 3 .- Progress made in aviation during the last year is being strikingly illustrated at the Aero club's flying grounds here. The performances of Hamilton, Baldwin and Harmon show that the aviators have developed an early mastery of their machines, making possible flights and dashes which a year ago would have seemed little short of miraculous.

Hamilton, the diminutive Yale

Hamilton, the diminutive Yale aeroplainist, did the kind of an act in the air yesterday that might have been expected from a trick bicycle rider on a summer roof garden.

For about 30 miutes, three aeroplanes, driven by Hamilton, Baldwin and Harmon, were in the air at the same time. But Hamilton rose three times as high as the others and went twice as fast.

He dropped from an altitude of a thousand feet, front rudder pointed almost straight to earth, his motor turned on at full speed, and just when the spectators were beginning to think they would see a tragedy, he changed the rudder and flew away, having missed the ground by only 20 feet.

Late in the afternoon, Harmon, after being in the air 30 minutes, started off on a 12 miles cross-country flight. On his return, while still three miles away from his starting place, he was seen to take a sudder din and come rapid-

from his starting place, he was seen to take a sudden dip and come rapidly to earth. His machine was slightly damaged by the descent, and he suspended operations for the day.

Chicago, June 3.—A coroner's jury yesterday laid at the doors of the Chicago Traction company the responsibility for the death of George A. McDonald, a sporting editor of the Chicago Evening Journal, killed when the automobile of Johnny J. Evers, a second baseman for the Cubs, a week ago was struck by a street car. The jury found that the automobile was moving at a moderate rate of speed, was in good condition and under perfect control. It finds that the street car was running at a dangerously high rate of speed and that this rate of speed was made necessary by the street railway company's schedule which fixes the running time for a distance of four miles at only 30 minutes. "While we cannot exonerate the motorman from blame," says the verdict, "we are of the opinion that the collision was mainly due to the mania for high and dangerous speed, which, in our opinion, prevailed and is found in the operation of all surface lines in this city. "We find from the records in the COL. ROOSEVELT CALLS ON JUS. CHAMBERLAIN

London, June 3 .- Mr. Roosevelt was

London, June 3.—Mr. Roosevelt was today a guest at the country home of Col. Arthur H. Lee, where also were entertained John Burns, president of the local government board, Sir Harry Hamilton Johnstone and Capt. Robert F. Scott, the antarctic explorer.

The former president arrived early in the afternoon, having stopped en route to have luncheon with William Northrup McMillan. During the expedition in Africa Mr. Roosevelt stopped for several days at Mr. McMillan's African quarters on Ju Ju ranch.

This morning Mr. Roosevelt called on Joseph Chamberlain and the two engaged in prolonged conversation.

gaged in prolonged conversation.

The veteran state man recently returned from the Riviera to which he went last February when in feeble health. The visit south proved benethis city.

"We find from the records in the coroner's office, that 67 lives have been lost through street car accidents in this city since January, 1910, and we believe that these accidents were in part due to the high rate of speed maintained on the street car lines."

NEW YORK TONGS MUST MAKE PEACE !

New York, June 3.—Two posters of imperial yellow, with the dragon flag stamped at the head of each, declaring that the tongs must make peace and war no more, appeared on the streets of New York's Chinatown today. The message which they bore was from the authorities in Pekin, spoken through the lips of Consul-General Yang Yu

To guarantee that there shall be no more fighting between On Leong tong and the Four Brothers, each of the warring societies is commanded to se-lect a representative to serve on a permaneut committee of peace. This committee will meet on Saturday night in conjunction with the consul-general, and some rational peace agreement must be formulated. The representatives of the On Leongs and the Four Brothers must come empowered to sign it.

Administration of Justice Has Call on People of Nanking to Rise Suffered From Too Intense Devotion to Interests.

BAR'S DUTY IN THE PREMISES

Should Cleanse Itself of Those Who Forget Their Obligations as Americans to the Court,

Ada. O., June 3 .- President Taft in an address to the graduating class of the Ohio Northern university here today gave advice to the young men and women and discussed at length the opportunities and limits of the various professions and business puralts The law, the ministry, medicine teaching, journalism, farming and nodern industrial conditions all came In for a share of treatment in Mr

Taft's remarks. In discussing journalism the presi dent took occasion to denounce "muckraking" and expressed the belief that that unjust phase of newspaper activity soon would be a thing of the past. He praised Theodore Roosevelt's crusade against muckrakers in this connection. Socialism was denounced by the president, but was referred to as one of the problems that will have as one of the problems that will have to be considered during the next gen-eration.

President Taft did not wear the cap

President Taft did not wear the cap and gown which caused so much excitement by its disappearance at Byrn Mawr yesterday. There was a new flurry today, however. Mr. Taft's spring overcoat is lost. He had to wear a heavy winter one when he alighted from his private car under threatening skies and a chilly atmosphere.

In his address to the graduates the president said in part:

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

"I am going to invite your attention this morning to that which confronts you in your start in life and the political and economic problems that, should you take part in politics as you ought to do will probably occupy your attention and call for your activity in their solution.

In the first place let us take the business situation. It is, of course, impossible to expect that the famous growth of trade shall continue in the proportion in which we have seen it expand during the last 10 years and it is reasonable to suppose that at some time within the next decade there will be some reaction or some financial stringency or perhaps a financial panic. Nevertheless the progress that has been made is real and substantial. There may be a halt; there may be a scaling down of values, but these have been from time to time followed by a recovery which indicated only a momentary lapse.

"It is thought and said that the opmentary lapse.
"It is thought and said that the op-

portunity for individual success in bus-iness seems less than it was 30 or 40

ears ago.
"It has been my duty to select and "It has been my duty to select and promote many men in official life and I know whereof I speak when I say that successful business, whether governmental or private, whether small or large, depends chiefly on the selection of men by whom this business is to be done and that the promotion which successful men secure is not that which successful men secure is not that comes by favor but by the logic of the circumstances and for the benefit of the employer. There is, therefore, today as much room for fit men as there ever was in business. The kind ever was in business. The kind of success that comes from intelligent fidelity and industry in the cause to which a man devotes himself and the work which he does speaks far louder in the demand for his promotion than all the good will of his employer or the influence that kind friends may seek to bring in his behalf.

LEGAL PROFESSION.

"What is the condition of the professions should you conclude to enter one of them. The enormous demand for the work of the members of certain scientific professions, like engineering, civil, mechanical and electrical and manufacturing chemistry. I need not dwell upon. In the last decade it has been hard to secure men with sufficient experience in the professions to justify employing them in positions which are open. In the profession of the law there seems an abundance of material if one can judge by the large masses which institutions like this and other great law schools are turning out "What is the condition of the pro-

material if one can judge by the large masses which institutions like this and other great law schools are turning out upon the public. Those who pursue the profession of the law will find in it a tendency of modern days to make a profession a business or to make it rather consultative and advisory than one of advocacy and forensic effort.

"No one can have a profounder admiration for the legal profession than I have. We lawyers may properly feel an intense professional pride in the fact that of the great men who have founded this country, who defied the power of England and spread the seeds of revolution and independence and preserved the institutions of civil liberty in this country, nearly all were educated lawyers. Yet one must recognize that the administration of justice in this country has suffered grievously from the intensity with which lawyers have served their clients and the lightness of the court and to the public as officers of the court and to the public as officers of the court and the law to do no injustice. The lack of scruple as to means which counsel too frequently A short time ago a peace proclama-tion which was pasted on the dead walls of the triangular quarter was torn down over night.

A short time ago a peace proclama-felt to the court and to the public as officers of the court and the law to do no injustice. The lack of scruple as to means which counsel too frequently

ANTI FOREIGN LAWYER'S DUTIES PLACKARDS POSTED

Up and Slaughter Foreigners And Destroy Their Property.

And Japanese Men-of-War in Harbor and Will Give Protection.

Nanking report that native disturbers in that city have assumed openly an insulting attitude toward foreigners and have defiled the walls of the American consulate in a disgusting manner.

Placards have been posted in the streets calling on the people to rise and slaughter the foreigners and destroy their propeprty.

Threats that a revolution will be launched on June 5, the date set for the opening of the Nanking exposition, are causing Chinese merchants to flee with their treasures to the country districts where they are buryng their wealth.

The United States cruiser New Orleans and the German and Japanese men-of-war are lying off the town and it is believed these vessels will be adequate to protect all foreigners in the event of an outbreak.
Commander Roger Wells of the New

Commander Roger Wells of the New Orelans has conferred with the commanders of the other warships and they have agreed on a plan for concerted action if necessary.

All the diplomats at Peking think an outbreak in the provinces south of the Yangtse Kiang river is likely to occur. They believe, however, that it is extremely improbable that the trouble will reach this city.

U. S. MINISTER CALHOUN ADVISES STATE DEPARTMENT

Washington, June 3.—The city of Nanking, China, has been posted with Nanking, China, has been posted with placards inciting the people to the destruction of foreign life and property.

The feeling in several of the proviences of China is still giving the authorities much concern. United States Minister Cathoun at Pekin in a cablegram to the state department transmits a message from the United States consul at Nanking in which he says that the city has been posted with placards inciting the people to the destruction of foreign life and property in consequence of which considerable nervousness is felt. The minister adds that the U. S. S. New Orleans is there and is prepared with the German and British warships to land a considerable force if found necessary to protect the foreign consulates. foreign consulates,

SANGAMON GRAND JURY INVESTIGATES CHARGES

Springfield, Ill., June 3 .- Charges that contributions to the legislative "lack-pot" were made to insure the death of the fish bill, which required the pay-ment of fisher's license, were the sublect of scrutiny from state's Attorney Burke and the grand jury today. In addition an effort was made to add to the investigation details of the alleged withholding of more than \$2,000 by a legislator who was to have added the collected sum to the general "jackpot." Fish Commissioner N. H. Cohen, Fish Warden Caldwell and other witnesses were scheduled to tell of the alleged contributions and the object of the collected funds.

The statement of Governor Deneen late last night in which he called on all citizens who have knowledge of brib-

ery in the legislature to come forward with their assistance, was the central topic of discussion.

STEAMER CORWIN HELD FAST IN ICE

Nome, Alaska, June 3.-The wood Nome, Alaska, June 2.—The wooden steamer Corwin, which sailed from Seattle May 10, with a large passenger list, is held fast in the lee 15 miles from Nome, the smoke from her funnels being visible. The ice is the heaviest known in 10 years at this season. The Corwin landed at St. Michael on the night of May 30. She will try to beat her way to the open leads in the vicinity of Solomon, 40 miles east of Nome.

The gasoline schooner Helen Johnson is in a precarious condition in the son is in a precarious condition in the ice 12 miles from Solomon.

NO FLOWERS FOR GIRLS,

Wolfville, N. S., June 3.—Dr. George S. Cutting, president of Acadia college, who is an old Yale football player, has issued a decree to the effect that in the future the presentation of flowers to girl graduates will be forbidden.

exhibit in defense or preservation of their clients' interests is often the real occasion for popular resentment. "The conduct of the defense of crim-inals in this country and the extremes to which counsel deem themselves justto which counsel deem themselves justified in using to save their clients from the just judgment of law, have much to do with the disgraceful condition in which we find its administration. The awakened moral conscience of the country could find no better object for its influence than in making lawyers understand that their obligation to their clients is only to see that their clients legal rights are protected and that they need not and ought not to lose their own identity as officers of the law in the cause of their clients and recklessly resort to every expedient to win the cause. I believe that there is no escape from the evils to which I have referred, except by inducing the bar to cleanse itself of those who in the interest of their clients forget their interest of their clients forget their obligation as Americans to the court and their duties as citizens.

MEDICAL PROGRESS.

MEDICAL PROGRESS.

'The progress that is being made in medicine is marvelous and a consideration of recent advances justifies the view that we are on the eve of discoveries which will rob most of the discases to which flesh is heir of their terror and destructive nature.

'The pecuniary rewards of the profession of medicine is in many instances great; but the rush into the medical profession is not explained by the probable emoluments. It comes from the fascination of possible discovery of that which will aid humanity and secure the investigator world-wide of that which will aid humanity secure the investigator world-wide

CRITICIZES TAFT ADMINISTRATION

FIFTY-NINTH YEAR

Ex-Senator Spooner Unawar That the Powers of the President Are Unlimited.

GENERAL OUTBREAK LIKELY HAS READ HIS OATH OF OFFIC

U. S. Cruiser New Orleans and German | He Finds That It Specifies the Pres dent Shall Execute and Not Make the Laws.

> New York, June 3 .- Former Senat-Spooner of Wisconsin, appeared her as a critic of the administration at t dinner last night of the graduates the New York homeopathic college. M Spooner told the graduates that for nany years, while in public life, he ha advocated the appointment of a nei cabinet officer-one who would have supervision of the public health-bu that even then he felt the position wa sure to be occupied by a politician an that a politician would regulate

medical profession to death "I am no statesman," he and I never pretended to be. I a afraid I do not know what a state. dent was permitted to do everythin that is not positively prohibited in the Constitution. I have read the oath office which he takes and it specifi that he is to execute and not make th

"I never could discover any theory ! which the laws must be passed a drawn by the executive departmen. When you commingle the executive an legislative you destroy the government."

RAINBOW BRIDGE NATIONAL MONUMEN

Washington, June 2.—President Taft to day, upon recommendation of the secretary of the interior, issued a proclamation creating Rainbow bridge, natural wonder within the Navajo reservation, near the southern boundary of Utah, a national monument.

Under the provisions of the national monument act. 100 acres of land surrounding the bridge, are reserved for it protection.

SITE OF OLD FORT DEARBORN CHANGES HAND

Chicago, June 3 .- Fort Dearborn Chicago, June 3.—Fort Dearborn—crather the site where it once stood-has "changed hands." The deal was consumated yesterday between the W.M. Hoyt company and Palmer C. Goble. When school children of the next generation come to the chapter in Chicago history where it tells about Fort Dearborn and the massacre Aug. 15, 1812—50 soldiers were killed and civilians, including women an children—then they will learn of the evacuation, the re-building in 1811 abandonment of 1837, the destruction in the fire of '71, the purchase by the Hoyt company and the sale yesterda

Hoyt company and the sale yesterda to Mr. Goble. The present building and tablet arms of the most familiar landmarks of thicago. The tablet was presented bur. Hoyt in 1880. The building wa Chicago. The tablet was presented b Mr. Hoyt in 1880. The building wa erected in 1871-73 on the ashes of th

TENDERS FOR WARSHIPS FOR CANADIAN NAVY

Ottswa. Ont., June 3.-Tenders fo four war vessels for the new Canadian navy will be called for shortly. Vickers will be among those tendering. The experts of the naval service department are now working on the specifications. These four vessels are to be built in Canada and will mark the birth of warship construction in this country. The arrangement will be rule. country. The armament will be pur chased in Great Britain.

ROBBED U. S. MAILS.

And Judge Landis Senetneed N Gilpin to One Hour in Jail.

Colcago, June 3 .- One hour in county jail was the sentence impose by United States Dist. Judge Land yesterday upon Nelson S. Gilpin, gov ernment clerk, who pleaded guilty or robbing the mails.

Judge Landis said he would not see because, "it might mean the death to some one else."

Gilpin's wife is lying ill at a hospita where her baby boy was born three weeks.

reeks ago. In his charge, Judge Landis sald: In his charge, Judge Landis said:
"The facts concerning the man and his family are such that if a severe penalty is imposed it certainly would be barbarous. I shall not impose a sentence which may mean death to some one else. I shall sentence the prisoner to one hour in the county of

"And then," he added, turning t Gilpin, "I want you to go down to th hospital as soon as you can and to your wife just what har happened."

JANITOR MURDERED AND BODY BURNED

Chicago, June 3 .- Directly across th chicago, June 3.—Directly across the street from the Chicago board of trade John Larsen, janitor of the Kent building, was killed early today while in his sleeping apartment. His charred body was found following a fire which disconsiderable damage to the structure Circumstances indicated that Larser was beaten until he was helpless and that his assailant then set fire to the year. Leaving the victing to die in the room, leaving the victim to die in the dames. From an adjoining building short time previous Larsen had been heard in an angry colloquy with an unknown man who had demanded money.

LA FOLLETTE TAKEN TO TASK BY HEYBURN AND GALLINGER

Washington, June 3.—Senators Rey burn and Gallinger today took Senato LaFollette to task for his action in of fering amendments to bills and after ward in public lectures parading the records of senators who opposed himeasures. La Follette in a heated reply said he intended to pursue the same course in the future. Spirite colloquy followed.

SPEAKING OF HYPOCRITES.

"THE AMERICAN PARTY OFFICIALS CANNOT STAND FOR PRIZE. FIGHTS OR SLUGGING MATCHES: THESE ARE AGAINST THE LAW, POSITIVELY AND ABSOLUTELY: AND THE POLITICAL BUNKO GAME WHICH THE CHURCH PARTY COUNTY AUTHORITIES ARE TRYING TO WORK ON THE AMERICAN ADMINISTRATION OF THIS CITY MUST BE HEADED OFF AT THE START."

THE ABOVE PARAGRAPH, NEEDLESS TO SAY, APPEARED ON THE EDITORIAL PAGE OF THE SALT LAKE TRIBUNE THIS MORNING. IF THE PAPER HAD TAKEN THE TROUBLE TO VER-IFY THE HYPOCRITICAL STATEMENT LAST NIGHT SEVERAL HOURS BEFORE THE ORGAN OF THE "AMRICAN" PARTY WENT TO PRESS QUITE A NUMBER OF "AMERICAN" PARTY OFFICIALS WOULD HAVE BEEN FOUND WATCHING FOUR PRIZE FIGHTS AND AS MANY MEN POUNDED INTO

AMONG "AMERICAN" PARTY OFFICIALS WHO SAT CLOSE TO THE PRIZE RING AT THE AUDITORIUM LAST NIGHT AND APPARENTLY ENJOYED THE BRUTAL EXHIBITION WERE: J. E. DARMER, CAMPAIGN CHAIRMAN. EX-MAYOR EZRA THOMPSON SANDY FOWLER, SECRETARY TO MAYOR BRANSFORD.

JAKE RALEIGH, STREET SUPERVISOR. MARK REEDALL, COUNCILMAN. BEN S. RIVES, CITY RECORDER. S. P. ARMSTRONG, CAMPAIGN ORATOR.